Lake Travis Independent School District

Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2020



Lake Travis Independent School District Annual Financial Report

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Certificate of Board

Lake Travis Independent School District	Travis	227913
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached and school district were reviewed and (check one) ended August 31, 2020 at a meeting of the Board the day of, 2020.	approved	disapproved for the year
Laure 1 Dait	.010	
vallen ance	au	0
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	re of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (Attach list as necessary.)





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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees of Lake Travis Independent School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Travis Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of District contributions - pensions, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the schedule of District contributions - OPEB, and the note to the required supplementary information on pages 5 through 14, 55, 56, 57, 58, and 59, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Austin, Texas

December 9, 2020

Maxwell Locke + Ritter LLP

Lake Travis Independent School District Management's Discussion and Analysis

In this section of the annual financial report, we, the managers of Lake Travis Independent School District (the "District"), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report that begins on page 2, and the District's basic financial statements that begin on page 15.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent period by \$84.5 million. Of this amount, \$2.1 million was unrestricted net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$114.4 million. Approximately 37 percent of this total amount, \$42.0 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$42.0 million, or 32 percent of the total General Fund expenditures (47 percent after factoring out recapture costs).
- In February 2020, the District made an early payment of \$6,000,000 on its Series 2018B bonds. By paying this debt prior to its maturity, the District saved \$5,026,428 of interest costs.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 15 and 16). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 17) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The Notes to Basic Financial Statements (starting on page 25) provide narrative explanations or additional data that are an integral part for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements and budget comparisons included as supplementary information provide detail of all nonmajor governmental funds and budgetary comparisons for the Debt Service major governmental fund and the Food and Nutrition Services nonmajor governmental fund.

The Other Schedules section provides additional supporting schedules, including a Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable, and Exhibit L-1 Required Responses to School First Indicators.

The Required Supplementary Information includes the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions - Pensions, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of District Contributions - OPEB, and the Note to Required Supplementary Information related to the District's contributions to a cost-sharing pension and OPEB plan with the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The Federal Awards Section contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 15. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by the private sector.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as fees paid to participate in community education programs and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or through the Texas Education Agency. All the District's assets and deferred outflows are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's enrollment or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has two types of activities:

- Governmental activities The District's basic services are reported here, including instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District's community education function is reported here as the intention
 is to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. In addition, the
 District's video display board operations are also reported here as the intention is to recover all costs of
 operating the video display board through advertising revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 17 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act/ Every Student Succeeds Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, such as campus activities. The District uses the following funds for its accounting:

- Governmental funds The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside
 customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods
 employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's
 Enterprise Funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the
 government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. These resources are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Both current and prior year data are presented with discussion of significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's government-wide activities.

This two-year comparison provides an indication of the District's financial well being. Increases and decreases in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of August 31, 2020, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$84.5 million compared to prior year net position of \$69.5 million. This increase was caused primarily from additional property tax revenues from increased property values and a decrease in recapture payments.

Table 1 The District's Net Position

(in thousands)

Current and other assets		Governmental Activities 8/31/2020	ivities Activities		Business-type Activities 8/31/2020		Business-type Activities 8/31/2019		Total 8/31/2020		Total 8/31/2019	
Deferred outflows: Deferred charges on bond refundings 11,546 12,279	Current and other assets		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Deferred charges on bond refundings	Total assets	560,666		572,051		2,351		2,591		563,017		574,642
Agric Massurement date 1,762 1,574 - - 1,762 1,574 1	Deferred charges on bond refundings	11,546		12,279		-		-		11,546		12,279
Deference of the content of the co	after measurement date Deferred outflows	1,762		1,574		-		-		1,762		1,574
after measurement date Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability 500 441 - - 500 441 Total deferred outflows 7,359 4,646 - - 7,359 4,646 Total deferred outflows 31,504 30,091 - - 31,504 30,091 Liabilities: Current and other liabilities 44,536 44,279 - - 448,663 480,221 Long-term liabilities 493,199 524,500 - - 493,199 524,500 Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - 3,850 1,284 Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability 12,979 9,451 - - 16,829 10,735 Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 - - 16,829 10,735 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 <t< td=""><td>liability</td><td>10,337</td><td></td><td>11,151</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>10,337</td><td></td><td>11,151</td></t<>	liability	10,337		11,151		-		-		10,337		11,151
liability 7,359 4,646 - - 7,359 4,646 Total deferred outflows 31,504 30,091 - - 31,504 30,091 Liabilities: Current and other liabilities Liabilities 44,536 44,279 - - 44,536 44,279 Long-term liabilities 448,663 480,221 - - 493,199 524,500 Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - 3,850 1,284 Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability 12,979 9,451 - - 12,979 9,451 Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 - - 16,829 10,735 Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 - - 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059	after measurement date Deferred outflows	500		441		-		-		500		441
Liabilities: Current and other liabilities 44,536 44,279 - - 44,536 44,279 Long-term liabilities 448,663 480,221 - - 448,663 480,221 Total liabilities 493,199 524,500 - - 493,199 524,500 Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - 3,850 1,284 Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability 12,979 9,451 - - 12,979 9,451 Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 - - 16,829 10,735 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 - - 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059 2,277 2,096 1,551		7,359		4,646						7,359		4,646
Current and other liabilities 44,536 44,279 - - 44,536 44,279 Long-term liabilities 448,663 480,221 - - 448,663 480,221 Total liabilities 493,199 524,500 - - - 493,199 524,500 Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - - 3,850 1,284 Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability 12,979 9,451 - - - 12,979 9,451 Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 - - 16,829 10,735 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 - - - 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059 2,277 2,096 1,551	Total deferred outflows	31,504		30,091						31,504		30,091
Total liabilities 493,199 524,500 - - 493,199 524,500 Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - - 3,850 1,284 Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability 12,979 9,451 - - - 12,979 9,451 Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 - - - 16,829 10,735 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 - - - 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059 2,277 2,096 1,551	Current and other liabilities					-		- -				
Deferred inflows related to pension liability 3,850 1,284 - - - 3,850 1,284		493,199		524,500		-		_	-	493,199		524,500
Total deferred inflows 16,829 10,735 16,829 10,735 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059 2,277 2,096 1,551	Deferred inflows related to pension liability Deferred inflows related					-		-		•		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets 73,661 61,293 292 314 73,953 61,607 Restricted 8,444 6,340 - - 8,444 6,340 Unrestricted 37 (726) 2,059 2,277 2,096 1,551	•					_		_				
Total net position \$ 82,142 \$ 66,907 \$ 2,351 \$ 2,591 \$ 84,493 \$ 69,498	Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	73,661 8,444	_	61,293 6,340		-		-		73,953 8,444		61,607 6,340
	Total net position	\$ 82,142	\$	66,907	\$	2,351	\$	2,591	\$	84,493	\$	69,498

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$74.0 million. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, generally property taxes, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position (\$8.4 million or approximately 10.0 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$2.1 million.

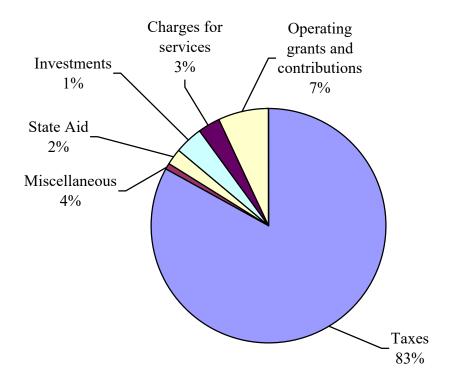
Changes in net position - As described at Table 2, the District's total net position increased by \$15.0 million. The total cost of all government-wide activities this year was \$189.9 million. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$169.0 million or 89 percent, a 4 percent increase from the previous year.

Table 2
The District's Change in Net Position
(in thousands)

	A Ye	vernmental Activities ear Ended /31/2020	Y	vernmental Activities ear Ended /31/2019	A Ye	Activities Activities		Year Ended Year Ended		Total Year Ended 8/31/2019		
Revenues: Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	4,512	\$	5,901	\$	1,663	\$	2,802	\$	6,175	\$	8,703
contributions		15,167		15,241		-		-		15,167		15,241
General revenues:												
Property taxes		168,984		164,667		-		-		168,984		164,667
State aid-formula grants		4,014		7,630		-		-		4,014		7,630
Other		10,514	-	6,824		-				10,514		6,824
Total revenues		203,191		200,263		1,663		2,802		204,854		203,065
Expenses: Governmental activities:												
Instruction Instructional resources		69,574		63,501		-		-		69,574		63,501
and media services Student support		1,044		998		-		-		1,044		998
services		28,842		26,867		_		_		28,842		26,867
General administration		4,132		4,319		_		-		4,132		4,319
Support services		15,602		13,984		_		-		15,602		13,984
Community services Interest on long-term debt and other debt		560		458		-		-		560		458
services Facilities acquisition		15,794		15,453		-		-		15,794		15,453
and construction Contracted instructional services		10,827		13,783		-		-		10,827		13,783
between schools		40,800		50,554		_		_		40,800		50,554
Other		781		826		-		-		781		826
Business-type activities:												
Community education Video display board		-		-		1,881 22		2,469 85		1,881 22		2,469 85
Total expenses		187,956		190,743		1,903		2,554		189,859		193,297
Change in net position		15,235		9,520		(240)		248		14,995		9,768
Beginning net position		66,907		57,387		2,591		2,343		69,498		59,730
Ending net position	\$	82,142	\$	66,907	\$	2,351	\$	2,591	\$	84,493	\$	69,498

The District's total revenues were \$204.9 million. A significant portion, 83 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes (See Figure 1); 2 percent comes from state aid - formula grants, 3 percent relates to charges for services, 1 percent comes from investment earnings, and 7 percent comes from operating grants and contributions.

Figure 1 Sources of Revenue for the Year Ended August 31, 2020



House Bill 3, which passed during the legislative session in 2019 changed the way school districts receive revenue from state and local sources. Property tax rates were compressed for two years and replaced with a combination of an increase in overall state funding through an increase in the basic allotment per student and increases for special programs. State funding is based upon a combination of Tier 1 and Tier 2 funding based on entitlements as outlined in HB3. When values exceed these amounts, a district must share its wealth with the State to equalize access to revenue. Chapter 49 is referenced in the Texas Education Code that defines a school district which has property wealth that is above the state funding formula threshold. The District is considered "property wealthy" and is subject to Chapter 49 recapture payments to the State. The District's recapture amount paid to the State decreased to \$41.1 million compared to \$50.5 million in the prior year. This equates to 33.2 percent of each tax dollar raised under maintenance and operations. Debt service taxes are excluded from recapture.

The District's program and general revenues increased by \$1.8 million (1 percent) due primarily to an increase in taxes collected which was due to an increase of 7.45 percent in property values.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$114.4 million. Of this amount \$42.0 million constitutes unassigned fund balance available for use in the General Fund activities at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable due to form or restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been designated for other obligations of the District. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 32 percent of the total General Fund expenditures.

The District's General Fund's fund balance increased by approximately \$4.2 million. This is less than the prior year's increase of \$5.5 million.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$7.1 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the Debt Service Fund was \$401,000. This increase was from Additional State Aid for Homestead Exemption (ASAHE) for facilities.

The District's Capital Project Fund had a total fund balance of \$60.2 million, which decreased by \$51.6 million from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the District's Board approved amendments to the budget.

The District made the following larger amendments to budgeted revenue/expenditures:

- \$1,277,077 increase in property taxes due to higher property values.
- \$1,843,805 decrease in recapture due to College, Career, or Military Ready (CCMR) Outcomes Bonus
- \$1,617,255 increase in staffing due to additional special education students and HB 3 requirements.
- \$150,000 decrease delinquent property taxes collected.
- \$650,000 increase in Covid-19 related expenditures.
- \$616,989 increase in Available School Fund (ASF) allotment.
- \$1,116,989 increase in recapture due to a reduction in Foundation School Fund (FSF) due to additional funding from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER Fund).
- \$440,000 increase in Covid-19 related expenses.
- \$440,000 decrease due to savings in District's forecast system

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of August 31, 2020 amounts to \$426.3 million and \$292,000, respectively, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles.

	 District's Co (Net of De (in tho	-	
	 2020		2019
Land	\$ 28,418	\$	28,418
Construction in progress	142,424		106,979
Buildings and improvements	242,446		240,483
Furniture and equipment	5,374		5,547
Vehicles	 7,956		7,089
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$ 426,618	\$	388,516

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 36 and 37 of this report.

Long-term Debt

As of August 31, 2020, the District had total outstanding long-term debt of \$381.8 million, a decrease of \$24.5 million from the prior year due to payments on bond principal for 2019-2020.

The "AAA" long-term rating on the District's bonds reflects the Texas Permanent School Fund guarantee. The District's underlying credit rating is "AA+" by both Standard and Poor's (2020) and by Fitch Rating Services (2020).

State statutes have limits on the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue. A school district may not exceed \$0.50/\$100 on its debt service tax rate for new debt (debt issued after August 31, 1992). The District's current debt service tax rate is \$0.3475/\$100. This would leave up to an additional \$0.1525/\$100 available on the tax rate. Based on these limitations, the District has the ability to fund future bond issues. The District's last bond election was successfully held in November 2017.

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 8 on pages 37 through 39 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District is located in what has been one of the fastest growing regions in the state and the country. The District has a diversified tax base with the principal tax payers (the top-ten tax payers) making up only 8.20% of the District's overall tax base. For the 2019 tax year, Galleria Texas, LLC was the District's largest taxpayer.

The principal taxpayers for the District, along with the percent of assessed value for the District, are listed below:

1.	CSHV HCG Retail, LLC	2.30%
2.	IVT Shops at Galleria	1.18%
3.	Madrone Acquisition, LP	0.88%
4.	FHF I Oaks at Lakeway, LLC	0.73%
5.	BMEF Lakeway, LLC	0.61%
6.	Lakeway Realty, LLC	0.57%
7.	Regency Lake Travis	0.53%
8.	Bee Cave Owner, LLC	0.49%
9.	Avanti Hills, LLC	0.48%
10.	Hill County Texas Galleria, LLC	0.43%

The District set its operating tax rate at \$0.99 and its debt service tax rate at \$0.3475 for the 2019-2020 school year, and the Board has set its operating tax rate at \$0.9764 and its debt service rate at \$0.3475 for the 2020-2021 school year.

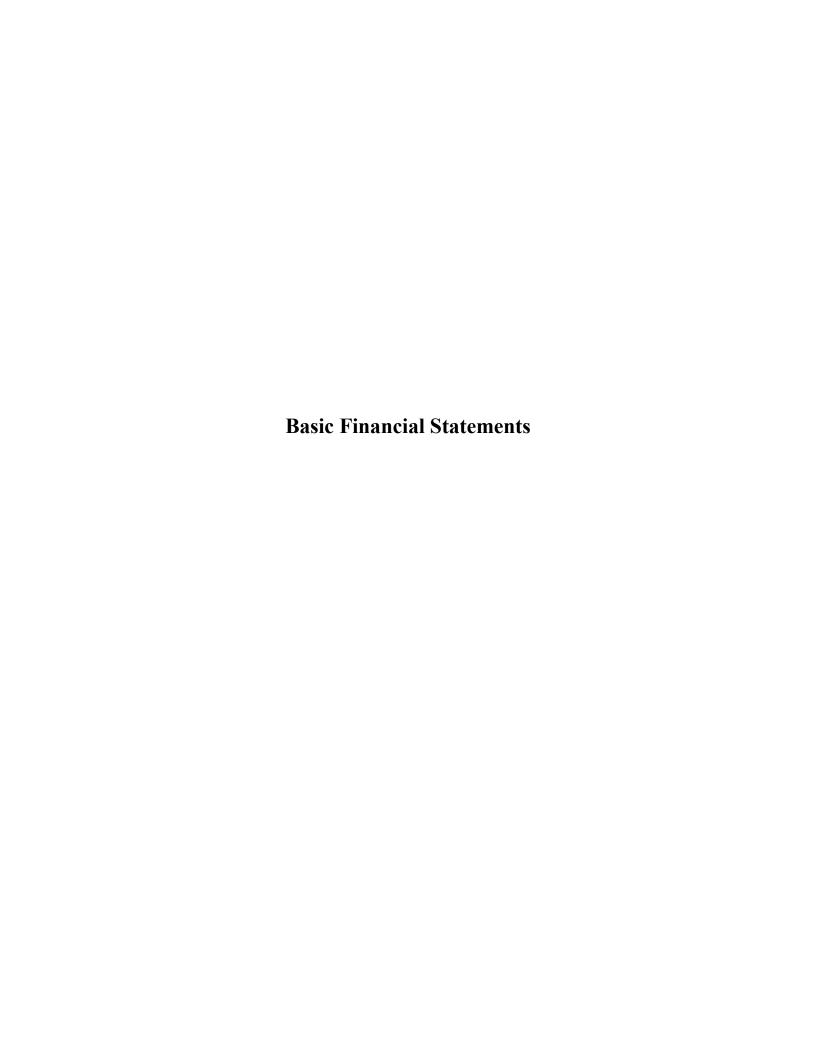
Due to growth in students the 2020-2021 budget includes the following:

- The August 2020 unemployment rate for Travis County is 5.7 percent while the state unemployment rate is 6.7 percent.
- The District's student attendance rate remained stable at 95.3 percent for the 2019-2020 school year, which is within the typical annual range.
- The District has experienced an enrollment increase of 3.6 percent; this is up slightly from the previous year, and reflects an overall increase in growth of 26.6 percent over the past five years.
- The District's taxable valuation has increased by 3.2 percent for the 2020-2021 school year. This is down slightly from an increase of 7.45 percent last year.
- The District has appropriated General Fund revenues and expenditures in the 2020-2021 budget of \$137.8 million and \$139.6 million, respectively. Significant changes to the budget include the cost to educate approximately 216 new students (\$2.6 million), the increase cost of recapture due to higher tax values (\$2.2 million), the increase in operating cost to open Rough Hollow Elementary School (\$1.7 million) and the 2.0 percent staff salary increase (\$1.2 million).
- In 2019, under the 86th Legislative session, Congress passed House Bill 3 (HB 3). Under HB 3, the State provided approximately \$11.6 billion in new funding for education and tax reduction (\$5.0 billion for tax relief, \$4.6 billion for education and \$2.0 billion for teacher raises). The District will recognize approximately \$8.3 million in additional funding above 2019-2020 old law estimates. The Basic Allotment has been adjusted from \$5,140 to \$6,160. The State has gone from prior year property values to current year values. The 50% Local Optional Homestead Exemption Credit has been eliminated. The M&O Tax Rate has been compressed from \$1.06 to \$0.99. A Fast Growth Allotment, a school safety Allotment, an Early Childhood Allotment, a Dyslexia Allotment and a College Career and Military Readiness (CCMR) Bonus has been added.

On the Interest and Sinking (I & S) Fund, increased property values throughout the District will allow the District to redeem an additional \$7.4 million of its 2018B Current Interest Obligations. By paying down the District's debt requirement prior to their scheduled maturity dates, the District estimates an overall debt savings of approximately \$5.9 million.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Assistant Superintendent of Business and Operations, Lake Travis Independent School District, 3322 Ranch Road 620 South, Austin, Texas 78738.



Lake Travis Independent School District Statement of Net Position August 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets	0.740.607	2 0 7 0 2 0 6	22 (01 001
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,542,685	2,059,206	22,601,891
Temporary investments Receivables:	108,844,632	-	108,844,632
Property taxes - delinquent	4,381,268	_	4,381,268
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(1,406,090)	-	(1,406,090)
Due from other governments	1,640,706	_	1,640,706
Other receivables	5,065	_	5,065
Inventory	331,302	_	331,302
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	,		,
Land	28,417,557	-	28,417,557
Construction in progress	142,423,809	-	142,423,809
Buildings and improvements	242,154,066	291,857	242,445,923
Furniture and equipment	5,374,861	-	5,374,861
Vehicles	7,955,950	-	7,955,950
Total assets	560,665,811	2,351,063	563,016,874
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charges on bond refundings	11,546,148	_	11,546,148
Pension contributions after measurement date	1,761,631	_	1,761,631
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	10,336,715	_	10,336,715
OPEB contributions after measurement date	499,952	_	499,952
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	7,359,154	-	7,359,154
Total deferred outflows of resources	31,503,600		31,503,600
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	5,515,603	390	5,515,993
Accrued expenditures	1,253,013	-	1,253,013
Accrued wages payable	4,783,444	_	4,783,444
Due to other governments	719,875	_	719,875
Unearned revenue	1,693,914	_	1,693,914
Bond interest payable	700,209	_	700,209
Bonds payable	29,870,000	_	29,870,000
Noncurrent liabilities:	25,670,000		25,670,000
Bonds payable	394,574,926	-	394,574,926
Compensated absences	460,234	_	460,234
Net pension liability	23,628,295	_	23,628,295
Net OPEB liability	29,999,529	-	29,999,529
Total liabilities	493,199,042	390	493,199,432
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	3,850,063	_	3,850,063
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	12,978,242	_	12,978,242
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,828,305		16,828,305
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	73,660,890	291,857	73,952,747
Restricted for:	73,000,630	271,037	13,732,141
Debt service	7,178,216		7,178,216
Food service	1,266,329	<u>-</u>	1,266,329
Unrestricted	36,629	2,058,816	2,095,445
Total net position	\$ 82,142,064	2,350,673	84,492,737
Total net position	φ 02,142,004	2,330,073	07,774,131

Lake Travis Independent School District Statement of Activities

Year Ended August 31, 2020

			Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue			
				Operating		Changes in Net Posi	tion	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:		-						
Instruction	\$	69,573,935	17,100	10,506,050	(59,050,785)	_	(59,050,785)	
Instructional resources and		, ,			, , , ,		, , , ,	
media services		1,044,199	_	91,244	(952,955)	_	(952,955)	
Curriculum and staff development		1,013,820	_	155,255	(858,565)	_	(858,565)	
Instructional leadership		1,821,562	_	167,700	(1,653,862)	_	(1,653,862)	
School leadership		5,040,690	_	463,502	(4,577,188)	_	(4,577,188)	
Guidance, counseling, and		, ,		,	(,,,,,,		(, , , ,	
evaluation services		4,886,228	198,691	704,954	(3,982,583)	_	(3,982,583)	
Social work services		76,312	-	7,550	(68,762)	_	(68,762)	
Health services		992,379	_	92,403	(899,976)	_	(899,976)	
Student transportation		6,075,120	_	482,310	(5,592,810)	_	(5,592,810)	
Food services		4,942,164	3,582,129	503,480	(856,555)	_	(856,555)	
Extracurricular activities		3,993,943	416,435	931,356	(2,646,152)	_	(2,646,152)	
General administration		4,132,364	-	318,428	(3,813,936)	_	(3,813,936)	
Facilities maintenance and operations		11,883,953	297,896	281,307	(11,304,750)	_	(11,304,750)	
Security and monitoring services		488,192	2,77,0,0	18,945	(469,247)	_	(469,247)	
Data processing services		3,230,049	_	153,510	(3,076,539)	_	(3,076,539)	
Community services		560,384		83,338	(477,046)	_	(477,046)	
Interest on long-term debt		15,722,119	_	202,744	(15,519,375)	_	(15,519,375)	
Other debt service		71,954		202,744	(71,954)	_	(71,954)	
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,826,859		2,905	(10,823,954)	-	(10,823,954)	
Contracted instructional services		10,820,839	-	2,903	(10,823,934)	-	(10,623,934)	
between schools		40,800,011			(40,800,011)		(40,800,011)	
Incremental costs related to		40,800,011	-	-	(40,800,011)	-	(40,800,011)	
recapture		263,501			(263,501)		(263,501)	
Payments related to shared services		203,301	-	-	(203,301)	-	(203,301)	
•		42,508			(42,508)		(42,508)	
arrangements Other intergovernmental charges		-	-	-		-		
Other intergovernmental charges	<u> </u>	474,377	4.512.251	15 166 001	(168 277 201)		(474,377)	
Total governmental activities	\$	187,956,623	4,512,251	15,166,981	(168,277,391)		(168,277,391)	
Business-type activities:		4 004 050	4 500 505			(202.004)	(202.004)	
Community education	\$	1,881,278	1,598,397	-	-	(282,881)	(282,881)	
Video display board		22,450	64,900			42,450	42,450	
Total business-type activities	\$	1,903,728	1,663,297			(240,431)	(240,431)	
Total primary government	\$	189,860,351	6,175,548	15,166,981	(168,277,391)	(240,431)	(168,517,822)	
	Gan	eral revenues:						
			vied for general pu	irnosas	\$ 125,065,450		125,065,450	
			vied for debt servi	-	43,918,862	-	43,918,862	
		state aid-formula		ce .		-		
		nvestment earnin	~		4,014,323 2,610,677	-	4,014,323	
			C			-	2,610,677	
	N	Miscellaneous rev		-	7,902,785		7,902,785	
		Total general re		-	183,512,097		183,512,097	
		Change in net	•		15,234,706	(240,431)	14,994,275	
	Net	position - beginn	ning	-	66,907,358	2,591,104	69,498,462	
	Net	position - ending	ŗ	5	82,142,064	2,350,673	84,492,737	

Lake Travis Independent School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds August 31, 2020

	(General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Temporary investments Receivables:	\$	1,690,252 47,609,277	1,039,921 6,059,494	10,475,067 55,062,215	3,730,945	16,936,185 108,730,986		
Property taxes - delinquent		3,277,007	1,104,261	_	_	4,381,268		
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(1,080,839)	(325,251)	-	-	(1,406,090)		
Due from other governments		759,492	-	-	881,214	1,640,706		
Due from other funds		879,969	-	-	-	879,969		
Other receivables		850	-	-	4,215	5,065		
Inventory		38,142	- .	<u>-</u>	293,160	331,302		
Total assets	\$	53,174,150	7,878,425	65,537,282	4,909,534	131,499,391		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	269,832	-	4,050,844	481,632	4,802,308		
Accrued expenditures		-	-	1,253,013	170 120	1,253,013		
Accrued wages payable Due to other governments		4,604,016 719,875	-	-	179,428	4,783,444 719,875		
Due to other funds		830,373	-	-	879,969	1,710,342		
Unearned revenue		289,414	-	-	574,127	863,541		
Total liabilities	_	6,713,510	-	5,303,857	2,115,156	14,132,523		
Deferred inflows of resources- Deferred revenue - property taxes		2,196,168	779,010			2,975,178		
Fund balances: Nonspendable- Inventory		38,142	-	-	-	38,142		
Restricted for:			7,000,415			7,000,415		
Debt service Authorized construction		-	7,099,415	60,233,425	-	7,099,415 60,233,425		
Food service		-	-	-	1,266,329	1,266,329		
Committed to:					1,200,329	1,200,329		
Compensated absences		460,234	-	-	-	460,234		
Campus activities		-	-	-	956,269	956,269		
Assigned to: Subsequent fiscal year budget deficit		1,800,000				1,800,000		
Locally funded campus programs		1,800,000	-	-	571,780	571,780		
Unassigned		41,966,096	-	_	-	41,966,096		
Total fund balances		44,264,472	7,099,415	60,233,425	2,794,378	114,391,690		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and								
fund balances	\$	53,174,150	7,878,425	65,537,282	4,909,534			
	Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial							
			fore, are not reported ts are not available to		A	426,326,243		
		-			u	2,975,178		
	expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of							
	insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The following liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:							
	В	onds payable, inc	luding premiums			(424,444,926)		
		Less: Deferred	charges on bond refur	ndings		11,546,148 (700,209)		
	Bond interest payable							
	Compensated absences							
		et pension liabilit	•			(23,628,295) (29,999,529)		
	Net OPEB liability Pension contributions after measurement date							
						1,761,631 499,952		
	OPEB contributions after measurement date Deferred outflows related to pension liability							
			related to OPEB liabi	•		10,336,715 7,359,154		
	Deferred inflows related to pension liability Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability							
	Net	position of gover	nmental activities			\$ 82,142,064		

Lake Travis Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 126,692,996	43,855,599	1,183,099	6,038,304	177,769,998
State program revenues	7,665,257	202,744	-	1,261,485	9,129,486
Federal program revenues	466,684			2,805,263	3,271,947
Total revenues	134,824,937	44,058,343	1,183,099	10,105,052	190,171,431
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	52,839,087	-	-	4,379,792	57,218,879
Instructional resources and media services	878,325	-	-	-	878,325
Curriculum and staff development	853,328	-	-	83,905	937,233
Instructional leadership	1,622,998	-	-	-	1,622,998
School leadership	4,236,557	-	-	-	4,236,557
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	3,823,082	-	-	527,427	4,350,509
Social work services	68,208	-	-	-	68,208
Health services	847,047	-	-	-	847,047
Student transportation	4,468,529	=	-	36,037	4,504,566
Food services	96,537	-	-	4,594,883	4,691,420
Extracurricular activities	2,279,606	-	-	894,657	3,174,263
General administration	3,750,361	-	-	-	3,750,361
Facilities maintenance and operations	10,190,991	-	-	-	10,190,991
Security and monitoring services	467,857	-	-	-	467,857
Data processing services Community services	2,255,567 341,795	-	-	47,843	2,255,567 389,638
Debt service:	341,793	-	-	47,043	369,036
Principal on long-term debt	_	24,520,000	_	_	24,520,000
Interest on long-term debt	-	19,065,685	-	-	19,065,685
Other debt service expenditures	-	71,954	_	-	71,954
Facilities acquisition and construction	26,246	71,754	60,286,446	_	60,312,692
Intergovernmental:	20,240		00,200,110		00,312,072
Contracted instructional services between schools	40,800,011	-	-	-	40,800,011
Incremental costs related to recapture	263,501	-	-	-	263,501
Payments related to shared services arrangements	42,508	-	-	-	42,508
Other intergovernmental charges	474,377	<u> </u>			474,377
Total expenditures	130,626,518	43,657,639	60,286,446	10,564,544	245,135,147
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	4,198,419	400,704	(59,103,347)	(459,492)	(54,963,716)
Other Financing Sources					
Other resources		<u> </u>	7,500,000		7,500,000
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>	7,500,000		7,500,000
Net change in fund balances	4,198,419	400,704	(51,603,347)	(459,492)	(47,463,716)
Fund balances, beginning	40,066,053	6,698,711	111,836,772	3,253,870	161,855,406
Fund balances, ending	\$ 44,264,472	7,099,415	60,233,425	2,794,378	114,391,690

Lake Travis Independent School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended August 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (47,463,716)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated	
over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	40.560.074
Capital outlay	49,560,074
Depreciation expense	(11,434,546)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Change in deferred tax revenue	604,459
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but	
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Repayment of bond principal	24,520,000
	, ,
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds.	2.017.560
Change in bond interest payable	2,017,568
Amortization of deferred charges on bond refundings	(733,187)
Amortization of bond premiums	2,059,185
Change in compensated absences	(13,952)
Pension contributions made during the measurement year	1,590,937
Change in pension contributions made after the measurement date	187,502
Proportionate share of collective pension expense	(1,780,965)
Adjustment for ending deferred inflows and outflows related to net pension liability	(3,380,213)
OPEB contributions made during the measurement year	452,424
Change in OPEB contributions made after the measurement date	58,673
Proportionate share of collective OPEB expense	(564,787)
Adjustment for ending deferred inflows and outflows related to net OPEB liability	(813,746)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of	
insurance to individual funds. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund	
is reported with governmental activities.	 368,996
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 15,234,706

Lake Travis Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended August 31, 2020

	Budgeted .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget	
Revenues					
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 125,842,432	126,969,509	126,692,996	(276,513)	
State program revenues	5,563,568	6,180,557	7,665,257	1,484,700	
Federal program revenues	594,000	594,000	466,684	(127,316)	
Total revenues	132,000,000	133,744,066	134,824,937	1,080,871	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	51,802,793	52,598,533	52,839,087	(240,554)	
Instructional resources and media services	952,128	952,128	878,325	73,803	
Curriculum and staff development	793,803	947,568	853,328	94,240	
Instructional leadership	1,504,747	1,622,817	1,622,998	(181)	
School leadership	4,215,386	4,215,386	4,236,557	(21,171)	
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	3,668,006	3,937,686	3,823,082	114,604	
Social work services	69,638	69,638	68,208	1,430	
Health services	874,664	874,664	847,047	27,617	
Student transportation	4,714,861	4,804,861	4,468,529	336,332	
Food services	80,000	80,000	96,537	(16,537)	
Extracurricular activities	2,428,317	2,528,317	2,279,606	248,711	
General administration	3,608,655	3,738,655	3,750,361	(11,706)	
Facilities maintenance and operations	9,854,510	10,568,137	10,190,991	377,146	
Security and monitoring services	617,060	667,060	467,857	199,203	
Data processing services	2,653,388	2,653,388	2,255,567	397,821	
Community services	408,688	458,688	341,795	116,893	
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,000	25,000	26,246	(1,246)	
Intergovernmental:					
Contracted instructional services between schools	41,628,356	40,901,540	40,800,011	101,529	
Incremental costs related to recapture	300,000	300,000	263,501	36,499	
Payments related to shared services arrangements	45,000	45,000	42,508	2,492	
Payments related to juvenile justice alternative					
education programs	15,000	15,000	-	15,000	
Other intergovernmental charges	540,000	540,000	474,377	65,623	
Total expenditures	130,800,000	132,544,066	130,626,518	1,917,548	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	1,200,000	1,200,000	4,198,419	2,998,419	
Fund balance, beginning	40,066,053	40,066,053	40,066,053		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 41,266,053	41,266,053	44,264,472	2,998,419	

Lake Travis Independent School District

Statements of Net Position Proprietary Funds August 31, 2020

	Business-type Activities- Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities- Nonmajor Internal Service Funds		Total Proprietary Funds	
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,059,206	\$	3,606,500	\$	5,665,706
Temporary investments		-		113,646		113,646
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Due from other funds				830,373		830,373
Total current assets		2,059,206		4,550,519		6,609,725
Noncurrent assets-						
Capital assets:						
Buildings and improvements		449,008		-		449,008
Accumulated depreciation		(157,151)		_		(157,151)
Total noncurrent assets		291,857				291,857
Total assets		2,351,063		4,550,519		6,901,582
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		390		713,295		713,685
Deferred revenue				830,373		830,373
Total liabilities		390		1,543,668		1,544,058
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		291,857		-		291,857
Unrestricted		2,058,816		3,006,851		5,065,667
Total net position	\$	2,350,673	\$	3,006,851	\$	5,357,524

Lake Travis Independent School District Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	I	Business-type Activities- Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities- Nonmajor Internal Service Funds		Total Proprietary Funds	
Operating revenues-							
Charges for services	\$	1,663,297	\$	13,427,416	\$	15,090,713	
Operating expenses:							
Payroll costs		1,599,103		-		1,599,103	
Professional and contracted services		93,221		208,188		301,409	
Supplies and materials		66,084		-		66,084	
Extracurricular activities		65,295		-		65,295	
Claims		-		12,804,947		12,804,947	
Other operating		57,575		71,237		128,812	
Depreciation		22,450				22,450	
Total operating expenses		1,903,728		13,084,372		14,988,100	
Operating income (loss)		(240,431)		343,044		102,613	
Nonoperating revenue-							
Investment and interest income				25,952		25,952	
Change in net position		(240,431)		368,996		128,565	
Total net position, beginning		2,591,104		2,637,855		5,228,959	
Total net position, ending	\$	2,350,673	\$	3,006,851	\$	5,357,524	

Lake Travis Independent School District Statements of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	A I	asiness-type Activities- Nonmajor erprise Funds	Non	overnmental Activities- major Internal ervice Funds	·	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	1,663,297	\$	-	\$	1,663,297
Receipts from contributors		-		13,470,444		13,470,444
Payments to employees		(1,599,103)		-		(1,599,103)
Payments to suppliers		(281,777)		(254,798)		(536,575)
Claims paid				(12,725,893)		(12,725,893)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(217,583)	_	489,753		272,170
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Purchase of investments		-		(1,204)		(1,204)
Interest received				25,952		25,952
Net cash provided by investing activities				24,748		24,748
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(217,583)		514,501		296,918
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		2,276,789		3,091,999		5,368,788
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	2,059,206	\$	3,606,500	\$	5,665,706
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(240,431)	\$	343,044	\$	102,613
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net				,		ŕ
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		22.450				22.450
Depreciation Decrease in prepaid items		22,450 8		-		22,450 8
Increase in accrued expenses		o		79,054		79,054
Increase in unearned revenue		-		43,028		43,028
Increase in accounts payable		390		45,020		390
Decrease in due from other funds		390		24,627		24,627
			_			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(217,583)	\$	489,753	\$	272,170

Lake Travis Independent School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position **Agency Funds** August 31, 2020

Accepta		Agency Funds
Assets Cook and cook assistations.	¢	170 040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	170,848
Total assets	\$	170,848
Liabilities		
Due to student groups	\$	170,848
Total liabilities	\$	170,848

Lake Travis Independent School District

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended August 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions which are related to the Lake Travis Independent School District (the "District") and which are controlled by or dependent upon the District's governing body, the Board of School Trustees (the "Board"). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District substantially comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues, interest income, and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources used for general operations. It is a budgeted fund, and any unassigned fund balance is considered resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

The Capital Projects Fund includes the proceeds from the sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds. The District uses project accounting to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

The Enterprise Funds are proprietary funds used to account for the operations of the District's community education programs and the operations of and advertising revenues generated from the District's video display board.

The Internal Service Funds are proprietary funds used to account for the District's workers compensation self-insurance fund, self-funded health insurance fund, and employee health savings account fund.

The Agency Fund is an unbudgeted fund and is used to account for activities of student groups. This fund has no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and they do not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Food and Nutrition Services Fund (special revenue fund) on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of August and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was amended by the Board as needed throughout the year. The instruction, instructional leadership, school leadership, food services, general administration, and facilities acquisition and construction functions in the General Fund exceeded budgeted amounts by \$240,554, \$181, \$21,171, \$16,537, \$11,706, and \$1,246, respectively, for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Investments - Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external local government investment pools and money markets, which are recognized at amortized cost and fair value, respectfully. External local government investment pools are recognized at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The District is entitled to invest any and all of its funds in certificates of deposit, direct debt securities of the United States of America or the State of Texas, certain Federal agency securities and other types of municipal bonds, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, commercial paper and local government investment pools. The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policy. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories in the General Fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are charged to expenditures when consumed. Supply and furniture and equipment inventory are recorded at cost (FIFO method) and are offset by a fund balance reserves which indicate that they do not represent "available expendable resources." Inventories in the Food and Nutrition Services Fund consist of commodities, purchased food and supplies. Purchased food and supplies are recorded at cost (FIFO method) and charged to expense when consumed. The commodity portion of inventory is valued at estimated market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or at acquisition value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to forty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, vehicles - seven to ten years.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave Liability</u> - The State of Texas (the "State") has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

The District's liability for accrued compensated absences as of August 31, 2020 was \$460,234 and is included in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds only if they matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<u>Pensions</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas ("TRS") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - The fiduciary net position of the TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources*, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, *and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent the consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. See Note 7, 12 and 13 for additional information on deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. See Note 11 for additional information on those fund balance classifications.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the Proprietary Funds, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of GASB Statement No. 84 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities by establishing criteria for identifying fiduciary activities, requiring that all fiduciary funds present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position, except for business-types activities that normally expect to hold custodial assets for three months or less, and providing descriptions of the four types of fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable. GASB Statement No. 84 also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Management is evaluating the effects that the full implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 will have on its financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2021.

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. Management is evaluating the effects that the full implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 will have on its financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022.

2. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and agency funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending program
- Banker's acceptances
- Commerical paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk. Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$22,772,739 and the bank balance was \$28,726,791. The District's deposits with financial institutions at August 31, 2020 and during the year ended August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the Texas Education Agency maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

Funds were properly secured at all times throughout the year and the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a) Name of depository bank: Prosperity Bank and Chase Bank
- b) Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$83,607,356.
- c) Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$71,628,812 and occurred during the month of April 2020.
- d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$500,000.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

Investments held at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	Standard & Poor's Rating
Local Governmental Investment Pool: TexPool MBIA Texas CLASS	\$ 58,241,491 25,369,924 83,611,415	1 1	AAAm AAAm
Prosperity Bank- Money market accounts	25,233,217 \$ 108,844,632	1	N/A

The District had investments in two external local governmental investment pools at August 31, 2020, consisting of the Texas Local Governmental Investment Pool ("TexPool") and MBIA Texas CLASS ("MBIA").

Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7-of the Investment Company Act of 1940. MBIA is registered with the SEC. These investments are stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

TexPool is overseen by the Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts, who is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company which is authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool also has an advisory board to advise on TexPool's investment policy, which is made up equally of participants and nonparticipants who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. Federated Investors manages daily operations of TexPool under a contract with the Comptroller and is the investment manager for the pool. TexPool's investment policy stipulates that it must invest in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

MBIA is administered by MBIA-Municipal Investors Service Corporation ("MISC") and Wells Fargo Bank Texas. MISC is a subsidiary of MBIA Asset Management Group, one of the nation's largest providers of administrative and portfolio management services for local government investment pools. MBIA is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by participants. The responsibility of the Board of Trustees includes the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, MBIA has an Advisory Board which provides input and feedback on the operations and direction of the program. Standard and Poor's reviews the pool on a weekly basis to ensure the pool's compliance with its rating requirements. MBIA's investment policy stipulates that it must invest in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the external local government investment pools do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. These pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

Money markets are valued using Level 1 inputs that are based on market data obtained from independent sources. The investments are reported by the District at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At August 31, 2020, investments were included in external local government investment pools and money market accounts with ratings from Standard & Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At August 31, 2020, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. At August 31, 2020, the District had 100% of its investments in money market accounts and external local government investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the external local government investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value. At August 31, 2020, investments were included in external local government investment pools and money market accounts which have a weighted average maturity of one day.

3. Property Taxes

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Travis Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the Board sets the tax rates on property and the Travis County Tax Office provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2019, upon which the October 2019 levy was based was \$13,097,820,672. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.3375 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

The 86th session of the Texas Legislature convened this past January 2019, with school finance reform as a critical priority. House Bill 3 (HB 3), passed by the 86th Texas Legislature, was of one of the most transformative Texas education bills in recent history infusing more than \$11 billion into the public school system. HB 3 provided more money for Texas classrooms through an increase in the basic allotment for each student from \$5,140 to \$6,160, increased teacher compensation, funds free full-day Pre-K for eligible 4-year-olds, reduced the amount of money wealthy districts must spend to subsidize poor districts through the state's recapture program, and cut local property taxes for Texas taxpayers. In summary, the bill focused on four major policy areas: teacher support, improving student outcomes, increasing funding, and reduction and reform of property taxes and recapture.

HB3 amended the Education Code to transfer certain sections from Chapter 41 to Chapter 49 and revised formulas used to determine excess local revenue under the Foundation School Program (FSB). The formula for recapture is now local revenue in excess of entitlement instead of wealth per weighted average daily attendance (WADA) basis. Under HB 3, recapture and non-recapture school districts are treated more equitably, and districts only pay tier one recapture on the amount above their formula entitlement. HB 3 modifies local revenue subject to recapture to be local revenue in excess of entitlement and is calculated by subtracting a district's tier one entitlement (and credit for appraisal costs) from its available school fund (ASF) distribution and local fund assignment.

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District's recapture liability was \$40,800,011. This amount was incorporated into the District's budget and \$717,493 is included in the due to other governments total on the balance sheet (see Note 4) as this was paid subsequent to year-end. Under HB 3, districts now have the option of making one lump-sum payment in August after the fiscal year ends. The payment option to submit seven equal payments from February through August remains unchanged. The District opted to make one lump-sum payment in August.

4. Due from/to Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. The District is also required to make payments to the State for recapture (see Note 3). These amounts are reported in the basic financial statements as Due from/to Other Governments and are summarized below as of August 31, 2020.

	(General	Nonmajor Governmental	
		Fund	Funds	Total
Federal and state grants	\$	759,492	881,214	1,640,706
Total due from other governments	\$	759,492	881,214	1,640,706
Recapture liability Other	\$ \$	717,493 2,382	- 	717,493 2,382
Total due to other governments	\$	719,875	-	719,875

5. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds." The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2020 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund Internal Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund	\$	879,969 830,373
Total	General Fund	\$	1,710,342
10111		Ψ	1,710,512

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning	I	Diamagala	T a.f	Ending
C 4.1	Balance	Increases	Disposals	Transfers	Balance
Governmental					
activities:					
Capital assets, not					
being depreciated:	.				00 44
Land	\$ 28,417,557	-	-	-	28,417,557
Construction in				(4.4. = 0.1 5.1.)	
progress	106,978,514	46,650,956		(11,205,661)	142,423,809
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	135,396,071	46,650,956		(11,205,661)	170,841,366
Capital assets,					
being depreciated:					
Buildings and					
improvements	338,662,403	-	_	11,205,661	349,868,064
Furniture and					
equipment	18,476,906	1,044,127	_	-	19,521,033
Vehicles	12,570,987	1,864,991			14,435,978
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	369,710,296	2,909,118	_	11,205,661	383,825,075
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Buildings and					
improvements	(98,493,636)	(9,220,362)	-	-	(107,713,998)
Furniture and	(, , , , ,				
equipment	(12,929,630)	(1,216,542)	-	-	(14,146,172)
Vehicles	(5,482,386)	(997,642)	_	-	(6,480,028)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(116,905,652)	(11,434,546)	_	_	(128,340,198)
Total capital assets,		(,,,,			(,- :-,)
being depreciated, net	252,804,644	(8,525,428)	_	11,205,661	255,484,877
Governmental activities		(0,525,120)		11,200,001	233,101,077
capital assets, net	\$388,200,715	38,125,528	_	_	426,326,243
capital assets, net	Ψ300,200,713	30,123,320			120,320,213
Business-type					
activities:					
Buildings and					
improvements	\$ 449,008	-	-	-	449,008
Accumulated					
depreciation	(134,701)	(22,450)	_		(157,151)
Business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 314,307	(22,450)			291,857
	-	 -	-	-	-

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$ 6,375,309
Instructional resources and media services	67,934
Instructional leadership	18,558
School leadership	306,614
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	150,833
Health services	46,147
Student transportation	1,091,528
Food services	289,563
Extracurricular activities	660,712
General administration	40,205
Facilities maintenance and operations	1,537,921
Data processing services	809,706
Community services	 39,516
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 11,434,546
Business-type activities-	
Video display board	\$ 22,450

7. Deferred Charges on Bond Refundings

The following is a summary of changes in deferred charges on bond refundings for the year ended August 31, 2020:

Deferred charges on bond refundings - August 31, 2019	\$ 12,279,335
Retirements from refundings	(733,187)
Deferred charges on bond refundings - August 31, 2020	\$ 11,546,148

8. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2020:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
General obligation bonds	\$ 406,345,000	-	(24,520,000)	381,825,000
Premiums on bonds	44,679,111	-	(2,059,185)	42,619,926
Compensated absences	446,282	13,952		460,234
Total	\$ 451,470,393	13,952	(26,579,185)	424,905,160

Bonded debt consisted of the following at August 31, 2020:

General Obligation Bonds Series	Date of Issue	Amounts of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Outstanding at 8-31-20	Due Within One Year
2012	08-15-12	143,120,000	2042	3-5%	16,590,000	3,265,000
2013	02-28-13	104,600,000	2036	1.5-5%	79,750,000	6,630,000
2017	12-21-17	82,905,000	2040	1.5-5%	81,040,000	-
2018A	04-03-18	108,735,000	2048	3-5%	89,370,000	7,215,000
2018B	04-05-18	34,870,000	2048	2.65-7%	25,345,000	7,415,000
2019	02-20-19	92,705,000	2046	3.75-5%	89,730,000	5,345,000
		\$ 566,935,000			\$ 381,825,000	\$ 29,870,000

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District without limitation as to rate. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness exceeds \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District. The District currently has a debt service tax rate of \$0.3475.

In February 2020, the District made early payments of \$6,145,112 on its Series 2018B bonds prior to its scheduled maturity date. This included \$6,000,000 and \$145,112 of principal and accrued interest, respectively. The Series 2018B bonds paid had maturity dates of February 2038 through 2048. These early payments resulted in overall debt service savings to the District of \$5,026,428.

In the current and prior year, the District defeased certain outstanding general obligation bonds by placing advance payments made by the District in irrevocable trusts to provide for all the future debt service payments on the bonds redeemed early by the District. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At August 31, 2020, outstanding bonds of \$115,285,000 are considered defeased.

The annual principal installments for each of the outstanding issues vary each year. As of August 31, 2020, the debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities			
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	29,870,000	15,997,167	45,867,167	
2022	12,080,000	15,279,531	27,359,531	
2023	8,910,000	15,181,775	24,091,775	
2024	9,410,000	14,778,850	24,188,850	
2025	9,955,000	14,315,025	24,270,025	
2026-2030	69,645,000	62,482,475	132,127,475	
2031-2035	86,825,000	45,140,725	131,965,725	
2036-2040	79,255,000	26,507,590	105,762,590	
2041-2045	51,535,000	11,913,426	63,448,426	
2046-2048	24,340,000	1,556,313	25,896,313	
Total	\$ 381,825,000	223,152,877	604,977,877	

The Series 2018B Bonds are variable interest bonds and will bear interest at a per annum rate of 2.65% through February 14, 2022. Thereafter, the bonds will bear interest at a rate or rates determined by the remarketing agent as provided in the bond order.

At August 31, 2020, the District had no general obligation bonds authorized by voters of the District that had not been issued.

9. Unearned Revenue

At August 31, 2020, unearned revenue in the governmental funds consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Prepayments for student meals	\$ -	290,673	290,673
State entitlements	283,414	-	283,414
Grant prepayments	-	260,343	260,343
Other	 6,000	23,111	29,111
Total	\$ 289,414	574,127	863,541

10. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

For the year ended August 31, 2020, revenues from local and intermediate sources in the governmental funds consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$124,044,971	43,530,076	-	-	167,575,047
Investment earnings	1,259,158	120,617	1,183,099	21,851	2,584,725
Penalties, interest, and other tax					
related income	599,900	204,906	-	-	804,806
Tuition and fees					
from patrons	17,100	-	-	1,526,867	1,543,967
Food service	-	-	-	3,582,129	3,582,129
Co-curricular					
student activities	416,435	-	-	-	416,435
Rent	297,896	-	-	-	297,896
Gifts and donations	-	-	-	907,457	907,457
Other	57,536				57,536
Total	\$126,692,996	43,855,599	1,183,099	6,038,304	177,769,998

11. Fund Balances

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

The detail of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet on page 17.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent or the Assistant Superintendent for Business, Financial and Auxiliary Services to assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by TRS and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by TRS.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, in which the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLAs"). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of TRS during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	2019	 2020
Contribution Rates:		
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.5%
FY 2020 District Contributions		\$ 1,761,631
FY 2020 Member Contributions		\$ 4,779,226
FY 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 2,571,072

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act ("GAA").

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of TRS the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to
Valuation Date	August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019	2.63%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 sessions. It is assumed that the future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below.

			Long-Term Expected
	FY2019		Geometric
	Target	New Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation (1)	Allocation (2)	Return (3)
Global Equity			
USA	18%	18%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	13%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9%	9%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	-	-
Private Equity	13%	14%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries (4)	11%	16%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0%	0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation-Linked Bonds (4)	3%	-	-
Real Estate	14%	15%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources and			
Infrastructure	5%	6%	7.3%
Commodities	0%	0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	8%	5.8%/6.5%(5)
Leverage			. ,
Cash	1%	2%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage		(6.0%)	2.70%
Expected Return	100%	100%	7.23%

- (1) Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019
- (2) New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020
- (3) 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%
- (4) New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds
- (5) 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
	Rate (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 36,620,121	\$ 23,628,295	\$ 13,345,465

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$23,628,295 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 23,628,295
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	42,672,220
Total	\$ 66,300,515

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0455% which was an increase of 0.0029% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,144,370 and revenue of \$6,703,205 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	C	Outflows of	Inflows of	
]	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	99,260	\$	820,412
Changes in actuarial assumptions		7,330,657		3,029,374
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		237,255		-
Changes in proportion and difference				
between the employer's contributions and				
the proportionate share of contributions		2,669,543		277
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to				
the measurement date		1,761,631		
Total	\$	12,098,346	\$	3,850,063

The \$1,761,631 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2021. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
	Amount
Year ended August 31:	
2021	1,677,874
2022	1,391,289
2023	1,533,674
2024	1,444,658
2025	594,850
Thereafter	(155,693)

13. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program ("TRS-Care"). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the TRS Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

	Me	edicare	_	von- edicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

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Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the GAA. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	2019	 2020
Contribution Rates:		
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
FY 2020 District Contributions		\$ 499,952
FY 2020 Member Contributions		\$ 403,437
FY 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 604,894

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 2.63%

Aging Factors

Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are

included in the age-adjusted claims costs

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Healthcare Trend Rates 4.50% to 10.25%

Election Rates Normal retirement: 65% participation prior

to age 65 and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

None

Assumption changes include a discount rate change from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019, participation rates were updated, trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience, percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%, and the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die will actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2019.

See Note 12 for the best estimate of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the TRS target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019.

Sensitivity Analysis

Discount Rate - The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	in Discount	Discount	in Discount
	Rate (1.63%)	Rate (2.63%)	Rate (3.63%)
District's proportionate share of	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
the net OPEB liability	\$ 36,219,056	\$ 29,999,529	\$ 25,133,985

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the healthcare cost trend rates used were 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Healthcare	Healthcare	in Healthcare
	Cost Trend	Cost Trend	Cost Trend
	Rate	Rate	Rate
District's proportionate share of			
the net OPEB liability	\$ 24,472,563	\$ 29,999,529	\$ 37,403,124

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$29,999,529 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 29,999,529
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	39,862,662
Total	\$ 69,862,191

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.06344% which was an increase of 0.00358% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,369,594 and revenue of \$1,050,616 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
]	Resources	I	Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	1,471,732	\$	4,909,105
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,666,240		8,069,137
Difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings		3,237		-
Changes in proportion and difference				
between the employer's contributions and				
the proportionate share of contributions		4,217,945		-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent				
to the measurement date		499,952		_
Total	\$	7,859,106	\$	12,978,242

The \$499,952 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended August 31, 2021. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
	Expense
	Amount
Year ended August 31:	
2021	(1,090,859)
2022	(1,090,859)
2023	(1,091,906)
2024	(1,092,505)
2025	(1,092,341)
Thereafter	(160,618)

14. On-Behalf Payments

The District recognizes as revenues and expenditures retiree drug subsidy reimbursements under the provisions of Medicare Part D made by the federal governments to TRS on behalf of the District. For the year ended August 31, 2020, reimbursements of \$294,968 were received by TRS and allocated to the District.

15. Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District contributed \$500 per month per employee to the Plan, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents.

In fiscal year 2016, the District started a self-funded health insurance plan administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield. The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance this partially uninsured risk of loss. The District is obligated to pay its own claims up to \$175,000 per claim. The claim liability below is an estimate of potential loss exposure on health insurance claims at year end which includes incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims and claims reported but not paid. A reconciliation of the estimated claim liability is as follows:

			Estimated		
Year Ended	В	Seginning	Current Year	Claim	Ending
August 31,]	Liability	Claims	Payments	Liability
2018	\$	687,706	10,436,261	(10,436,261)	687,706
2019	\$	687,706	10,055,931	(10,310,002)	433,635
2020	\$	433,635	12,380,343	(12,287,212)	526,766

16. Risk Management

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended August 31, 2020, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

17. Self-Insurance Fund

The District has a partially self-insured workers' compensation plan administered by Texas Public School's Workers Compensation Project ("SchoolComp") which is an insurance pool. The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance this partially uninsured risk of loss. The District is obligated to pay its own claims up to \$75,000 per claim. The claim liability below is an estimate of potential loss exposure on workers' compensation claims at year end which includes incurred but not reported ("IBNR") claims and claims reported but not paid. A reconciliation of the estimated claim liability is as follows:

			Estimated			
Year Ended	F	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Ending	
August 31,		Liability	Claims	Payments	Liability	
2018	\$	230,237	208,935	(208,935)	230,237	
2019	\$	230,237	51,686	(81,317)	200,606	
2020	\$	200,606	40,772	(56,923)	184,455	

18. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance for the year ended August 31, 2020, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In February 2020, the District entered into an interlocal agreement with Travis County to share the costs of design and construction of the Vail Divide Southern Extension Project (the "Project"). The District will be responsible for the management and development of the Project and Travis County will provide oversight to ensure the Project is constructed in accordance with Travis County guidelines. The estimated total cost of the Project is \$10,000,000 and will be funded through contributions from the District and Travis County at a 25%/75% split. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District received \$7,500,000 from Travis County for it 75% share of the estimated costs of the Project which is reflected as an other financing source in the District's Capital Project Fund. Once the Project is completed and accepted by Travis County the constructed roadway will be owned, operated, and maintained by Travis County. Upon completion of the Project, and unused funds provided by Travis County will be returned within 60 days.

At August 31, 2020, the District is also committed under construction contracts with a remaining balance of \$1,837,994.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the United States. While the disruption is expected to be temporary, there is uncertainty around the severity and duration. Therefore, while this issue may negatively impact the District's results of operations and financial position, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The District is actively managing its operations to maintain its cash flow and management believes that the District has adequate liquidity.

19. Subsequent Event

In October 2020, the District issued \$64,450,000 in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020. The bonds refunded \$64,455,000 of previously issued variable rate Series 2013 bonds. This transaction lowers the District's overall debt service requirements.



Lake Travis Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teacher Retirement System of Texas 8/31/2020**

	 2019*	 2018*	 2017*	 2016*	 2015*	2014*	 2013*
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 0.04545% 23,628,295	\$ 0.04258% 23,438,267	\$ 0.04154% 13,282,490	\$ 0.04108% 15,524,204	\$ 0.04251% 15,027,849	\$ 0.02488% 6,646,594	\$ 0.02490% 8,161,471
liability associated with the District	 42,672,220	 44,939,821	 26,164,741	 30,795,688	 29,615,675	 24,848,135	 30,502,132
Total	\$ 66,300,515	\$ 68,378,088	\$ 39,447,231	\$ 46,319,892	\$ 44,643,524	\$ 31,494,729	\$ 38,663,603
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 56,691,939	\$ 52,718,193	\$ 50,203,725	\$ 47,934,351	\$ 46,310,888	\$ 43,529,437	\$ 41,623,406
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	41.68%	44.46%	26.46%	32.39%	32.45%	15.27%	19.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%	78.17%
employee payroll	114.93%	126.11%	75.93%	92.75%	91.94%	72.90%	93.10%

^{*} The amounts presented for each Plan year are as of August 31, plan information was unavailable prior to 2013.

^{**} Schedule should provide ten years of Plan information, but data was unavailable prior to 2013.

Lake Travis Independent School District Schedule of District Contributions - Pensions Teacher Retirement System of Texas Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,761,631	\$ 1,574,129	\$ 1,434,482	\$ 1,361,463	\$ 1,299,389
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 (1,761,631)	 (1,574,129)	 (1,434,482)	 (1,361,463)	 (1,299,389)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 62,065,970	\$ 56,691,939	\$ 52,718,193	\$ 50,203,725	\$ 47,934,351
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.84%	2.78%	2.72%	2.71%	2.71%
	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	2011
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,258,836	\$ 630,852	\$ 553,164	\$ 443,325	\$ 519,626
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 (1,258,836)	(630,852)	 (553,164)	 (443,325)	(519,626)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 46,310,888	\$ 43,529,437	\$ 41,623,406	\$ 39,514,453	\$ 39,456,448
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.72%	1.45%	1.33%	1.12%	1.32%

Lake Travis Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Teacher Retirement System of Texas 8/31/2020***

		2019*		2018*		2017*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.06344%		0.05986%		0.05520%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	29,999,529	\$	29,887,166	\$	24,002,534
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB		20.002.00		46.672.000		40.064.00=
liability associated with the District		39,862,662		46,673,009	_	40,861,087
Total	\$	69,862,191	\$	76,560,175	\$	64,863,621
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	56,691,939	\$	52,718,193	\$	50,203,725
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Φ	52.92%	Þ	56.69%	Φ	47.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		135.21%		146.64%		132.55%

^{*} The amounts presented for each Plan year are as of August 31, plan information was unavailable prior to 2017.

^{**} Schedule should provide ten years of Plan information, but data was unavailable prior to 2017.

Lake Travis Independent School District Schedule of District Contributions - OPEB Teacher Retirement System of Texas

Last 10 Fiscal Years **

	2020*	2019*	 2018*	2017*	2016*
Contractually required contributions	\$ 499,952	\$ 441,279	\$ 412,926	\$ 286,963	\$ 263,491
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 (499,952)	(441,279)	(412,926)	(286,963)	(263,491)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$
District's covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 62,065,970 0.81%	\$ 56,691,939 0.78%	\$ 52,718,193 0.78%	\$ 50,203,725 0.57%	\$ 47,934,351 0.55%
	 2015*	2014*	2013*	2012*	
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractual	\$ 254,712	\$ 239,412	\$ 228,928	\$ 217,327	
required contributions	(254,712)	(239,412)	(228,928)	(217,327)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	
District's covered employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 46,310,888 0.55%	\$ 43,529,437 0.55%	\$ 41,623,406 0.55%	\$ 39,514,453 0.55%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each Plan year are as of August 31, plan information was unavailable prior to 2012.

^{**} Schedule should provide ten years of Plan information, but data was unavailable prior to 2012.

Note to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended August 31, 2020

1. Change in Assumptions

Pensions

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

- The singe discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

OPEB

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the Total OPEB Liability.
 - The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds August 31, 2020

	211	224	225	226	240	244
	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	Special Education - Grants to States (Formula)	Special Education - Preschool Grants	Special Education - Grants to States (High Cost)	Food and Nutrition Services	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -				1,440,478	
Due from other governments	180,976	672,026	5,158	- -	1,245	926
Other receivables	-	-	-	=	4,215	-
Inventory					293,160	
Total assets	\$ 180,976	672,026	5,158		1,739,098	926
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	-	-	-	2,668	-
Accrued wages payable	100.056	-	-	-	179,428	-
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	180,976	672,026	5,158	-	290,673	926
			_			
Total liabilities	180,976	672,026	5,158		472,769	926
Fund balances:					1.266.220	
Restricted Committed	-	-	-	-	1,266,329	-
Assigned	- -	-		-	- -	- -
Total fund balances					1,266,329	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 180,976	672 026	5 150			926
Total natifices and fund trainings	\$ 180,976	672,026	5,158		1,739,098	920

(Continued)

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds (Continued)

August 31, 2020

	255	263	289	289	410	428	461
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	English Language Acquisition State Grants	Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	State Instructional Materials	Special Ed Fiscal Support	Campus Activity Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -		5,343		502,075	255,000	956,269
Due from other governments	19,461	1,422	J,J4J -	- -	302,073	233,000	930,209
Other receivables	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 19,461	1,422	5,343		502,075	255,000	956,269
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ -	-	-	-	478,964	-	-
Accrued wages payable Due to other funds	19,461	1,422	-	-	-	-	_
Unearned revenue	19,401		5,343	<u> </u>	23,111	255,000	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	19,461	1,422	5,343		502,075	255,000	
Fund balances:							
Restricted Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	956,269
Assigned	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	-
Total fund balances							956,269
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 19,461	1,422	5,343		502,075	255,000	956,269

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds (Continued) August 31, 2020

		481	486	488	489	490/491	498/499	Total
	Т	AP esting	Athletic	PTA/PTO Donations	Other State and Local	Lake Travis Ed. Foundation Mini Grants	Lake Travis Ed. Foundation Mini Grants	Special Revenue Funds
Assets		••••	60 0			-0.4		
1	\$	29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	3,730,945
Due from other governments		-	-	-	-	-	-	881,214
Other receivables		-	=	-	=	-	-	4,215
Inventory		-						293,160
Total assets	\$	29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	4,909,534
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	481,632
Accrued wages payable		-	-	-	-	=	=	179,428
Due to other funds		=	-	-	-	-	-	879,969
Unearned revenue								574,127
Total liabilities							-	2,115,156
Fund balances:								
Restricted		=	_	_	_	-	-	1,266,329
Committed		=	_	_	_	-	-	956,269
Assigned		29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	571,780
Total fund balances		29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	2,794,378
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	4,909,534

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	211	224	225	226	240	244
	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	Special Education - Grants to States (Formula)	Special Education - Preschool Grants	Special Education - Grants to States (High Cost)	Food and Nutrition Services	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States
Revenues Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	_	_	_	3,603,979	_
State program revenues	ψ -	_	<u>-</u>	_	8,763	_
Federal program revenues	364,294	1,355,913	11,804	429,502	484,032	50,075
Total revenues	364,294	1,355,913	11,804	429,502	4,096,774	50,075
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	364,294	973,493	11,804	429,502	-	45,315
Curriculum and staff development Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	-	346,383	-	-	-	4,760
Student transportation	<u>-</u>	36,037	-	-	_	_
Food services	_ _	-		- -	4,594,883	- -
Extracurricular activities	-	-	_	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	364,294	1,355,913	11,804	429,502	4,594,883	50,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-	(498,109)	-
Net change in fund balances	_	-	-	-	(498,109)	-
Fund balances, beginning	-	-	-	-	1,764,438	-
Fund balances, ending	\$ -	-	-	-	1,266,329	-

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds (Continued) Voor Ended August 31, 2020

Year	Ended	August 31, 2020)
			_

	255	263	289	289	410	428	461
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	English Language Acquisition State Grants	Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	State Instructional Materials	Special Ed Fiscal Support	Campus Activity Funds
Revenues							
Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	1,328,176
State program revenues	- 45 120	24 210	-	20 104	1,252,022	-	=
Federal program revenues	45,139	34,310		30,194			
Total revenues	45,139	34,310		30,194	1,252,022		1,328,176
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	=	304	-	30,194	1,252,022	=	1,056,177
Curriculum and staff development	45,139	34,006	-	-	-	-	-
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	387,113
Community services							
Total expenditures	45,139	34,310	-	30,194	1,252,022	-	1,443,290
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	(115,114)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	(115,114)
Fund balances, beginning							1,071,383
Fund balances, ending	\$ -						956,269

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2020

		481	486	488	489	490/491	498/499	Total
		AP Testing	<u>Athletic</u>	PTA/PTO Donations	Other State and Local	Lake Travis Ed. Foundation Mini Grants	Lake Travis Ed. Foundation Mini Grants	Special Revenue Funds
Revenues	Ф	100 (01	461.060	110.460	05.101	250,000		6.020.204
Local and intermediate sources	\$	198,691	461,869	110,468	85,121	250,000	=	6,038,304
State program revenues		-	-	-	700	-	-	1,261,485
Federal program revenues		-				-	-	2,805,263
Total revenues		198,691	461,869	110,468	85,821	250,000		10,105,052
Expenditures Current:								
Instruction				92,317	700	118,946	4,724	4,379,792
Curriculum and staff development		-	=	92,317	700	110,940	4,724	83,905
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		181,044	_	_	_	_	_	527,427
Student transportation		-	_	_	_	_	_	36,037
Food services		_	_	_	_	_	_	4,594,883
Extracurricular activities		_	477,563		29,981	_	_	894,657
Community services		-	-	-	47,843	_	_	47,843
Total expenditures		181,044	477,563	92,317	78,524	118,946	4,724	10,564,544
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		17,647	(15,694)	18,151	7,297	131,054	(4,724)	(459,492)
Net change in fund balances		17,647	(15,694)	18,151	7,297	131,054	(4,724)	(459,492)
Fund balances, beginning		11,733	85,424	25,033	126,136	153,203	16,520	3,253,870
Fund balances, ending	\$	29,380	69,730	43,184	133,433	284,257	11,796	2,794,378

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Net Position Business-type Activities- Nonmajor Enterprise Funds August 31, 2020

	Community Education		Video Display Board		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Assets						
Current assets-						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,744,804	\$	314,402	\$	2,059,206
Total current assets		1,744,804		314,402		2,059,206
Noncurrent assets-						
Capital assets:						
Buildings and improvements		-		449,008		449,008
Accumulated depreciation				(157,151)		(157,151)
Total noncurrent assets				291,857		291,857
Total assets		1,744,804		606,259		2,351,063
Liabilities Current liabilities- Accounts payable		390		<u>-</u>		390
Total liabilities		390				390
Net Position				•••		221.022
Net investment in capital assets		-		291,857		291,857
Unrestricted		1,744,414		314,402		2,058,816
Total net position	\$	1,744,414	\$	606,259	\$	2,350,673

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Business-type Activities- Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	Community Education		Video Display Board		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues-						
Charges for services	\$	1,598,397	\$	64,900	\$	1,663,297
Operating expenses:						
Payroll costs		1,599,103		-		1,599,103
Professional and contracted services		93,221		-		93,221
Supplies and materials		66,084		-		66,084
Extracurricular activities		65,295		-		65,295
Other operating		57,575		-		57,575
Depreciation				22,450		22,450
Total operating expenses		1,881,278		22,450		1,903,728
Operating income (loss)		(282,881)		42,450		(240,431)
Change in net position		(282,881)		42,450		(240,431)
Total net position, beginning		2,027,295		563,809		2,591,104
Total net position, ending	\$	1,744,414	\$	606,259	\$	2,350,673

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Cash Flows Business-type Activities- Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

		Community Education	Dis	Video play Board	Total Nonmajor erprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	\$	1,598,397 (1,599,103) (281,777)	\$	64,900	\$ 1,663,297 (1,599,103) (281,777)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(282,483)		64,900	 (217,583)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		2,027,287		249,502	2,276,789
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	1,744,804	\$	314,402	\$ 2,059,206
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to ne cash provided by operating activities:	\$ et	(282,881)	\$	42,450	\$ (240,431)
Depreciation		-		22,450	22,450
Decrease in prepaid items		8		-	8
Increase in accounts payable		390		-	 390
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(282,483)	\$	64,900	\$ (217,583)

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities- Nonmajor Internal Service Funds August 31, 2020

	Workers Compensation		Self-Funded Health Insurance		D	DSA/HSA		Total Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	
Assets		_		_					
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	952,697	\$	2,542,743	\$	111,060	\$	3,606,500	
Temporary investments		113,646		-		-		113,646	
Due from other funds		_		830,373		-		830,373	
Total current assets		1,066,343		3,373,116		111,060		4,550,519	
Total assets		1,066,343		3,373,116		111,060		4,550,519	
Liabilities Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		186,529		526,766		_		713,295	
Unearned revenue		-		830,373		_		830,373	
Total liabilities		186,529		1,357,139				1,543,668	
Net Position									
Unrestricted		879,814		2,015,977		111,060		3,006,851	
Total net position	\$	879,814	\$	2,015,977	\$	111,060	\$	3,006,851	

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Governmental Activities- Nonmajor Internal Service Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

	Workers Compensation		Self Funded Health Insurance		DSA/HSA		Total Nonmajor Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues-								
Charges for services	\$	485,226	\$ 12,611,795	\$	330,395	\$	13,427,416	
Operating expenses:								
Professional and								
contracted services		145,274	62,914		-		208,188	
Claims		40,722	12,473,474		290,751		12,804,947	
Other operating		71,237	 -				71,237	
Total operating expenses		257,233	12,536,388		290,751		13,084,372	
Operating income		227,993	 75,407		39,644		343,044	
Non-operating revenues-								
Investment and interest income		6,814	18,449		689		25,952	
Change in net position		234,807	93,856		40,333		368,996	
Total net position, beginning		645,007	 1,922,121		70,727		2,637,855	
Total net position, ending	\$	879,814	\$ 2,015,977	\$	111,060	\$	3,006,851	

Lake Travis Independent School District Combining Statement of Cash Flows Governmental Activities- Nonmajor Internal Service Funds Year Ended August 31, 2020

		Workers npensation	_	Self Funded	1	DSA/HSA		Total major Internal ervice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Receipts from contributors	\$	485,226	\$	12,654,823	\$	330,395	\$	13,470,444
Payments to suppliers		(216,511)		(38,287)		(200 551)		(254,798)
Claims paid		(54,799)		(12,380,343)		(290,751)		(12,725,893)
Net cash provided by operating activities		213,916		236,193		39,644		489,753
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Purchase of investments		(1,204)		-		-		(1,204)
Interest received		6,814		18,449		689		25,952
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,610		18,449		689		24,748
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		219,526		254,642		40,333		514,501
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		733,171		2,288,101		70,727		3,091,999
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	952,697	\$	2,542,743	\$	111,060	\$	3,606,500
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	227,993	\$	75,407	\$	39,644	\$	343,044
cash provided by operating activities-		(14.077)		02 121				70.054
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase in unearned revenue		(14,077)		93,131 43,028		-		79,054 43,028
Decrease in due from other funds		-		43,028 24,627		-		24,627
	Φ.		ф.	·	Φ.	-	ф.	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	213,916	\$	236,193	\$	39,644	\$	489,753

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended August 31, 2020

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues			·	
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 43,600,000	43,600,000	43,855,599	255,599
State program revenues	200,000	200,000	202,744	2,744
Total revenues	 43,800,000	43,800,000	44,058,343	258,343
Expenditures				
Principal on long-term debt	24,575,000	24,575,000	24,520,000	55,000
Interest on long-term debt	18,961,928	18,961,928	19,065,685	(103,757)
Other debt service expenditures	 263,072	263,072	71,954	191,118
Total expenditures	43,800,000	43,800,000	43,657,639	142,361
Excess of revenues over expenditures			400,704	400,704
Fund balance, beginning	 7,593,841	7,593,841	6,698,711	(895,130)
Fund balance, ending	\$ 7,593,841	7,593,841	7,099,415	(494,426)

Lake Travis Independent School District Food and Nutrition Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended August 31, 2020

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues		·				
Local and intermediate sources	\$	5,261,000	5,261,000	3,603,979	(1,657,021)	
State program revenues		9,000	9,000	8,763	(237)	
Federal program revenues		530,000	530,000	484,032	(45,968)	
Total revenues		5,800,000	5,800,000	4,096,774	(1,703,226)	
Expenditures						
Food services		5,268,861	5,268,861	4,594,883	673,978	
Facilities maintenance and						
operations		531,139	531,139	-	531,139	
Total expenditures		5,800,000	5,800,000	4,594,883	1,205,117	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditur	res	-	-	(498,109)	(498,109)	
Fund balance, beginning		1,764,438	1,764,438	1,764,438		
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,764,438	1,764,438	1,266,329	(498,109)	

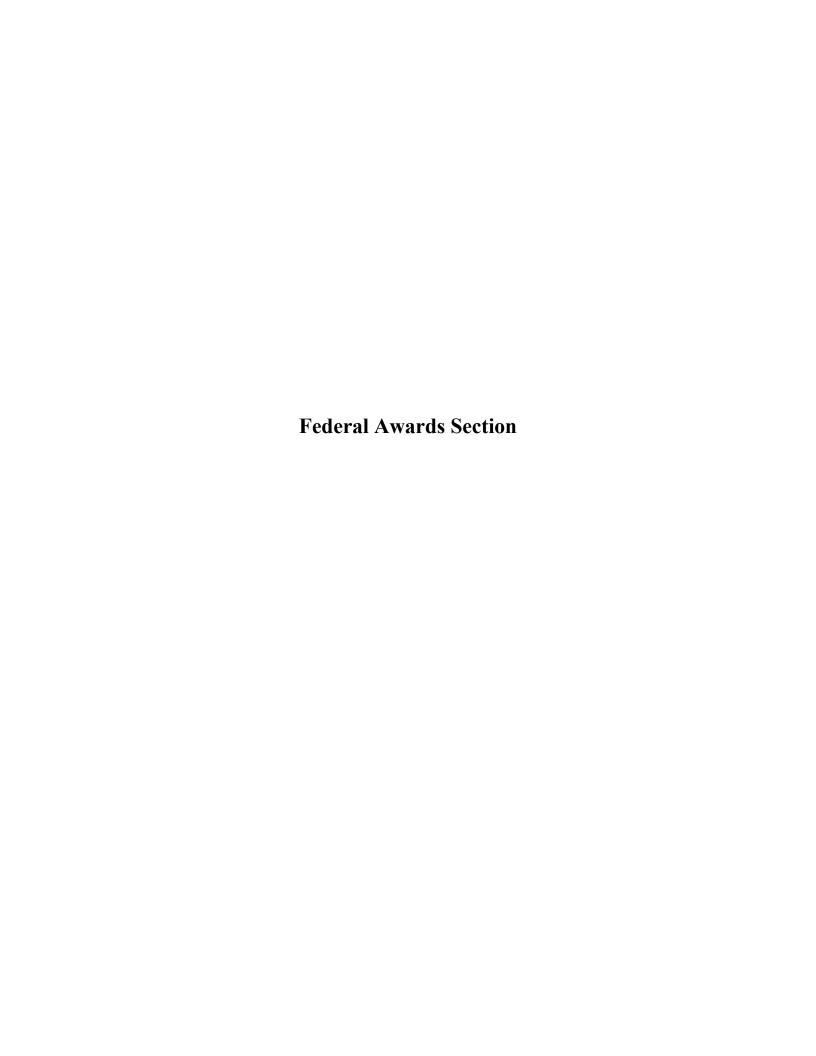


Lake Travis Independent School District Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable Year Ended August 31, 2020

Tax Rates		Rates	Assessed/ Appraised Value	Beginning	Current	Maintenance	Debt Service	Entire Year's	Ending Balance	
Last Ten Years Ended August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	for School Tax Purposes	Balance 8/31/2019	Year's Total Levy	Total Collections	Total Collections	Adjustment	8/31/2020	
2011 and earlier	Various	Various	Various	\$ 962,126	-	(22,267)	(2,386)	(10,711)	926,762	
2012	1.0400	0.2759	6,408,739,302	141,540	-	(8,320)	(2,207)	(1,913)	129,100	
2013	1.0400	0.3675	6,608,815,301	153,361	-	(8,200)	(2,898)	(1,944)	140,319	
2014	1.0400	0.3675	7,115,224,770	170,962	-	(16,202)	(5,725)	10,034	159,069	
2015	1.0400	0.3675	7,911,588,785	168,052	-	(25,013)	(8,839)	12,143	146,343	
2016	1.0400	0.3675	8,957,914,229	167,661	-	(22,303)	(7,881)	1,625	139,102	
2017	1.0400	0.3675	9,984,903,074	257,103	-	(51,789)	(18,300)	19,028	206,042	
2018	1.0600	0.3475	10,969,867,472	493,487	-	(60,331)	(19,778)	(43,649)	369,729	
2019	1.0600	0.3475	12,241,356,541	1,149,132	-	(160,079)	(52,479)	(389,410)	547,164	
2020	0.9900	0.3475	13,097,820,672		170,515,510	(123,670,467)	(43,409,583)	(1,817,822)	1,617,638	
Totals				\$ 3,663,424	170,515,510	(124,044,971)	(43,530,076)	(2,222,619)	4,381,268	

Lake Travis Independent School District Exhibit L-1 - Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators August 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Description	Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold?	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted ins budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$





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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Trustees of Lake Travis Independent School District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Travis Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Affiliated Company

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Austin, Texas

December 9, 2020

Maxwell Locke + Ritter LLP



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Independent Auditors' Report On Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees of Lake Travis Independent School District:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Lake Travis Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Affiliated Company

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Austin, Texas

December 9, 2020

Maxwell Locke + Ritter LLP

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended August 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through Texas Education Agency:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving	84.010A	20610101227913 19694501227913 &	\$ 364,294	
Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367A	20694501227913 19671001227913 &	45,139	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A	20671001227913	34,310	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	19680101227913 & 20680101227913	30,194	
Special Education Cluster:				
		196600012279136000 &		
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA - Part B, Formula)	84.027A	206600012279136000	1,355,913	
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA - Part B, High Cost Risk Pool)	84.027A	66002006 & 206600122279136677	429,502	
Total CFDA Number 84.027A			1,785,415	
		196610012279136000 &	,,,,,,,	
Special Education Preschool Grants (IDEA - Part B, Preschool)	84.173A	206610012279136000 &	11,804	
Total Special Education Cluster			1,797,219	
	04.0404	19420006227913 &	50.075	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	20420006227913	50,075	
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			2,321,231	
Total Department of Education			2,321,231	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Passed Through Texas Education Agency: National School Lunch Program	10.555	71301901 & 71302001	341,805	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401901 & 71402001	73,821	
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			415,626	
Passed Through the Texas Department of Human Services-				
Non-cash Assistance - Food Distribution Program	10.555	3002001	68,406	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			484,032	
Total Department of Agriculture			484,032	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through State Health and Human Services Commission-				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		76,614	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			76,614	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,881,877	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended August 31, 2020

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Lake Travis Independent School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become available and measurable, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Expenditures in the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and the Food Distribution Program are not specifically attributable to this revenue source and are shown on the Schedule in an amount equal to revenue for balancing purposes only. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement.

The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Expenditures of federal awards are reported in the District's basic financial statements in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports in all significant respects.

Valuation of Non-cash Programs

The District values revenues and expenditures for the Food Distribution Program based on the value of commodities received.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended August 31, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results									
Financial Statements									
* -	Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified								
Internal control over financial reporting:									
Material weakness(es) identified? □ yes ☑ no									
• Significant deficie	ency(ies) identified?	☐ yes ☒ none reported							
Noncompliance mater	rial to financial statements noted?	□ yes ⊠ no							
Federal Awards									
Internal control over the major federal program:									
Material weakness(es) identified? □ yes ☑ no									
Significant deficie	ency(ies) identified?	☐ yes ☒ none reported							
Type of auditors' repo	ort issued on compliance for the major federal progra	am-							
Special Education Clu	uster	Unmodified							
reported in accordance	sclosed that are required to be e with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	□ yes ⊠ no							
Identification of the n	najor federal program-								
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster								
	Special Education Cluster:								
84.027A	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA - F	Part B, Formula)							
84.027A Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA - Part B, High Cost Risk Pool)									
84.173A	84.173A Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA - Part B, Preschool)								
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000									
Auditee qualified as l	ow-risk auditee?	⊠ ves □ no							

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended August 31, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the years ended August 31, 2020 and August 31, 2019.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) for the years ended August 31, 2020 and August 31, 2019.